

SECTION
3

Reading for Understanding

▶ Key Ideas

BEFORE, YOU LEARNED

The French had set up colonies and established a trading relationship with the native peoples of North America.

NOW YOU WILL LEARN

Land claims and rivalry among European powers, settlers, and Native Americans led to a war that united the colonies against a common enemy.

▶ Vocabulary

TERMS & NAMES

Pontiac's Rebellion Native American revolt against the British colonies

French and Indian War war of 1754–1763 between Britain, France, and their allies for control of North America

Albany Plan of Union first formal proposal to unite the colonies

Battle of Quebec battle that led to the British victory in the French and Indian War

Treaty of Paris (1763) treaty that ended the war between France and Britain

Proclamation of 1763 British declaration that forbade colonists from settling west of the Appalachians

BACKGROUND VOCABULARY

pact formal agreement; a bargain

smallpox highly infectious and often fatal disease



Visual Vocabulary
Battle of Quebec

▶ Reading Strategy

Re-create the table shown at right. As you read and respond to the **KEY QUESTIONS**, use the table to show why Native Americans became involved in European conflicts.



See Skillbuilder Handbook, page R7.

CAUSES & EFFECTS

CAUSE	EFFECT
	<i>Native Americans became involved in conflicts between Europeans.</i>



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